Installation and Administration of Konftel 300IP
This document only includes setup, registration of accounts and configuration. The use of the conference phone is described in the *Quick reference guide* and the *User guide*. The latest version of all documentation can be downloaded from [www.konftel.com/300ip](http://www.konftel.com/300ip).
DESCRIPTION

Maintenance
Clean the equipment with a soft, dry cloth. Never use liquids.

LEDs
- Flashing blue: Incoming call
- Steady blue light: Call in progress
- Flashing red: On hold, microphone and speakers turned off
- Steady red light: Mute, microphone turned off

Network cable port
SD memory card port
Expansion microphone port
AUX port
Security lock port
Power supply port
Expansion microphone port

UP ARROW
navigation in menus, display of call list

MENU
settings menu

DOWN ARROW
navigation in menus, display of call list

Alphanumeric keys, phone book

C
no/end/back, recording

Increase volume

Decrease volume

Mute

HOLD

OK
yes/confirm choice

Answer/connect new line

Hang up/end line

CONFERENCE
Automatic dialling of conference groups

LINE
Line selection
DISPLAY INFORMATION AND WEB INTERFACE

DISPLAY SCREEN

On Hook
Press \( \) to display this screen.

Off Hook
Press \( \) to display this screen.

Line status:
- ☐ Line free (Before account name – telephone not registered)
- ☐ Line connected (Before account name – telephone registered)
- ☐ Line on hold (“HOLD” displayed on the screen – all calls on hold)
- ☒ Line (called party) busy
- ☒ Own line put on hold by other party
- ☐ Recording call
- ☒ Secure connection

Information text displays one of the following:
- Number or name of each phone line
  (The name will be displayed if a number is in the phone book)
- Explanation of what you should do (For example ENTER NUMBER)
- Status (For example HOLD when you place all calls on hold)

Line menu
Press LINE to switch to and from this menu.
Menu
Press **MENU** to switch to and from a menu.

Navigation and Selection in Menus

- Press **MENU**.
- Select the option you want from the menu using the arrow buttons.
- Confirm by pressing **OK** to select the marked option.
- Cancel the setting or go back one level in the menu by pressing **C**.
- Quit the menu by pressing **MENU** again.

Note that after you have made changes to a setting, you must press **OK** to activate the setting.

It is possible to open a menu option directly by pressing the number button that corresponds to the position of the option in the menu (e.g. 2 to open PHONE BOOK and then 3 to select EDIT CONTACT).

Writing style in instructions

In the instructions, **MENU > SETTINGS (6)** means you should:

- Press **MENU**.
- Mark the **SETTINGS** option using the arrow buttons and confirm by pressing **OK** to open the menu (or press button number 6).

Correspondingly, **Phone book > Conference Guide** in the web interface means you should select Menu Phone book and the Conference Guide tab.
Menu tree

Menu tree, advanced settings

The advanced settings are protected by administrator’s PIN code. The default value is 1234.

The simplest way to make settings and edit contacts is using a PC and the Konftel 300IP web interface.
USING THE WEB INTERFACE

You can use the web browser of a PC connected to the same network to manage contacts, conference groups and settings in the Konftel 300IP.

For security reasons, recordings can only be managed directly on the Konftel 300IP. All other settings that can be made directly on the Konftel 300IP can also be made via the web interface. It is also possible to import and export contacts and conference groups, name user profiles and change PIN codes, which can only be done via the web interface. The administrator can also view logs, update software and create a configuration file.

The default setting for the PIN code is 0000 for the user account (Default, Profile 1, Profile 2, Profile 3 and Profile 4) and 1234 for the administrator’s account (Admin). We recommend that you change the PIN codes in order to protect the settings. The code may consist of eight digits. The administrator can always view and change the PIN codes to the user accounts. The administrator’s PIN code can only be reset with a complete reset to factory settings.

Checking IP address

⇒ Press MENU and select the sub menu STATUS > NETWORK (8,2).
⇒ Check the conference phone’s network address under the heading IP ADDRESS.

Use this address to log into the web server in the conference phone.

Login

⇒ Log into the web server in Konftel 300IP by entering the phone’s network address in your computer’s web browser.
⇒ Select Admin as Profile and enter your PIN.
The printed Installation Guide provides brief and simplified installation instructions. The guide includes the basic settings for a quick start and works in most cases.

**CONNECTING**

⇒ Connect the Konftel 300IP to the network as illustrated below.
⇒ Plug the Konftel 300IP into the mains using the power adapter as illustrated below.
ℹ️ The Konftel 300IP can be driven directly from the network (Power over Ethernet) if the network supports this.

⇒ Place the conference phone in the middle of the table.

The Konftel 300IP must obtain a network address and be registered in a SIP PBX before it can be used. The easiest way to register an account and make the settings in the Konftel 300IP is using a computer connected to the same network and via the integrated web server.
**OBTAINING A NETWORK ADDRESS**

**Connecting to a network with DHCP**
See “Check IP address” under “USING THE WEB INTERFACE” on page 6.

**Connecting to a network with static IP addresses**
You need the IP address, host name, domain, netmask, gateway, DNS 1, and DNS 2. The host name can be set freely. The domain and secondary DNS can be left blank.

- Press MENU and select SETTINGS > ADVANCED (6,2).
- Enter the PIN code.

1. The default code is 1234.
- Select NETWORK (2)
- Select STATIC IP.
- Enter values for the IP ADDRESS.
2. Enter three digits (begin with 0 if necessary), press OK, enter three digits, and so on.
- Enter HOST NAME
  Default is kt300ip.
- Enter DOMAIN
- Enter NETMASK
- Enter GATEWAY
- Enter DNS 1
- Enter DNS 2

The display shows DONE.

**LOGIN**
See “Login” under “USING THE WEB INTERFACE” on page 6.
SOFTWARE UPGRADE AND BASIC SETTINGS

The following settings should be done during installation.

See page 48 about Device management if you are responsible for installing or upgrading many phones.

Note that all settings on the Basic tab also affect the user profile Default. Other user profiles can be changed individually. The settings on the Basic tab, except the name and PIN for Admin, can be modified by any user. Other settings require a login as Admin.

Upgrade software

See the heading “PROVISIONING – UPGRADE AND CONFIGURATION” on page 40 for a detailed description and upgrading options.

Select Settings > Provisioning.

You are logged in as ADMIN
Login

Status Phone book Call list Settings
Basic SIP Network Media LDAP Web interface Time & Region Provisioning System

Firmware upgrade
Current version: 2.0.0
Online:
File: Browse Upgrade

Configuration
File: Browse Import

Device management

Click on Check Now.

Compare the latest version with the current version (shown on the web page).

If you want to upgrade, select the desired version in the list box and click on Upgrade.

The browser window and the display on the Konftel 300IP shows that the upgrade has begun.

The download and installation can take several minutes. Do not interrupt the upgrade and do not disconnect plugs to the Konftel 300IP during the upgrade. Interrupting the upgrade may render the conference phone inoperable.

When installation is complete, the text “Upgrade Complete. The unit will be rebooted.” is shown in your browser, and after a while you hear the Konftel music signature, which indicates that the conference phone has started.
Setting time and region

⇒ Select Settings > Time & Region.

⇒ Select the time zone and, if you wish, correction for DST (Daylight saving).

① It is also possible to set the time and date manually or choose a different time server.

⇒ Select the region where you are.

① This setting affects the signalling.

⇒ Save the setting.

*The Konftel 300IP reboots with the new settings.*
Changing the language

⇒ Select Settings > Basic.

![Konftel Configuration Screen]

⇒ Select the desired language in the list box after Language and save the setting.

Changing the PIN

We recommend that you change the PIN code for Admin from the default setting to protect the settings. Make a note of the new PIN code and keep it in a safe place. The administrator’s PIN code can only be reset by a full factory reset!

⇒ Select Settings > Basic and click the Edit button on the Admin line.

⇒ Enter a new PIN.

① The PIN code may consist of 8 digits.

⇒ Click on the Set and Save buttons.
**REGISTERING AN ACCOUNT**

The conference phone can be registered in a company SIP PBX or with a public IP telephony service provider. You can store settings for two accounts in The Konftel 300IP. To register your phone, you must have access to the account information and all necessary settings that the SIP PBX or service provider requires.

See the heading “SIP” on page 17 for a detailed description of all settings.

⇒ Select **Settings > SIP**.

⇒ Click **Yes** at Enable account under Account 1.

⇒ Enter the account information you have received.

① Account name can be chosen freely and is the name or phone number you want to appear in the phone display.

⇒ Leave the default values if you have no other information.

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![Konftel Phone Settings](image-url)
⇒ Select a method of NAT traversal if you have received this information.

⇒ Select a different transport protocol if you have received this information. See page 20 about using a secure transport protocol.

⇒ Save the settings by clicking the **Save** button.

*The Konftel 300IP responds by showing REGISTERING. If registration is successful, your selected account name will appear at the bottom of the display screen next to a shaded square.*

Make media settings

⇒ Select a different codec priority, if you do not accept the default settings. See page 26.

⇒ Select a SRTP option if you need a secure media protocol. See page 27. Note that this also requires a corresponding transport setting on the SIP tab.
Almost all settings can be done directly on The Konftel 300IP. See “NAVIGATION AND SELECTION IN MENUS” on page 4 for using the menu system. We explain how to make settings using the web interface as this is the easiest method.

For safety reasons, recordings can only be managed directly on the Konftel 300IP. All other settings can be changed via the web interface. The web interface also allows you to import and export contacts and conference groups, rename user profiles and change PIN codes. As an administrator, you can also study logs, upgrade the software and create an XML based configuration file for easier management of a set of phones.

**LOGIN**

See “USING THE WEB INTERFACE” on page 6 for a description of how to log in to the web server in The Konftel 300IP.

**BASIC**

⇒ Select **Settings > Basic**.

![Konftel web interface](image)

You are logged in as **ADMIN**

Logout

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Profiles</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>PIN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default</td>
<td>DEFAULT</td>
<td>****</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile 1</td>
<td>PROFILE 1</td>
<td>****</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile 2</td>
<td>PROFILE 2</td>
<td>****</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile 3</td>
<td>PROFILE 3</td>
<td>****</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile 4</td>
<td>PROFILE 4</td>
<td>****</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Admin</td>
<td>ADMIN</td>
<td>****</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default account**

Account: ○ Account 1 ○ Account 2

**Preferences**

- **Phone language**: English
- **Ring level**: Level 3
- **Key tone**: ○ On ○ Off
- **Recording**: ○ On ○ Off
- **Recording tone**: ○ On ○ Off
- **Auxiliary port**: ○ Headset ○ PA
- **Time format**: ○ 12 Hour ○ 24 Hour
- **Equalizer**: ○ Soft ○ Neutral ○ Bright
- **Screen text**: KONFTEL 300IP

Save Cancel

Refer to the user guide before changing to PA
These settings affect the Admin and Default profiles. To change the basic settings of a user profile, you need to log in with that profile.

Profiles – edit name and PIN
We recommend that you change the PIN code from the default setting to protect the settings.

⇒ Select Settings > Basic and click the Edit button on the account you want to change.
⇒ Enter a new PIN code.
★ The PIN code may consist of 8 digits.
★ You can also choose to change the name of a user profile.
⇒ Click on the Set and Save buttons.
★ Make a note of the new PIN code and keep it in a safe place.
★ The administrator’s PIN code can only be reset with a complete reset to factory settings!

Default account
This setting determines which account will be used as default. By pressing LINE before dialling a number, you can choose the alternative account for the call.
⇒ Select Account 1 or Account 2 and click on the Save button.
  On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > ACCOUNT (6,1,1).

Language
⇒ Select language using the list box and click on the Save button.
  On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > LANGUAGE (6,1,2).

Ring level
There are six volume levels plus a silent mode. You will hear the ring tone for each level you select. If you select silent mode, only the blue LEDs on the phone flash when an incoming call is received.
⇒ Select level using the list box and click on the Save button.
  On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > RING LEVEL (6,1,4).

Key tone
You can select whether or not you want a tone to be heard when you press a button.
⇒ Select On or Off and click on the Save button.
  On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > KEY TONE (6,1,3).
Recording
It is possible to turn off the recording feature. This setting can only be done by the administrator and affects all profiles.

⇒ Select On or Off and click on the Save button.

Recording tone
A short beep is heard every 20 seconds so that all the parties in the call know it is being recorded. This feature can be turned off.

⇒ Select On or Off and click on the Save button.

On phone: MENU > RECORDING TONE > SETTINGS (5,5).

Settings when connecting external equipment (Aux)
The Konftel 300IP can be connected to a wireless headset or an external PA system. An optional PA interface box is required for PA system connection.

⇒ Select the PA option to activate features for external microphone mixer and PA system.

① Do not select the PA option unless a PA system is connected. This option turns off the internal microphone and internal speakers as default. The HEADSET option may be selected whether or not a headset is connected.

Time format
⇒ Select 12 hour or 24 hour and click on the Save button.

On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > TIME FORMAT (6,1,7).

Equalizer
The sound reproduction can be adjusted to the required pitch (SOFT, NEUTRAL or BRIGHT).

⇒ Select Soft, Neutral or Bright and click on the Save button.

On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > EQUALIZER (6,1,5).

Screen text
The text on the display screen is shown when The Konftel 300IP is in stand-by mode (on hook).

⇒ Enter your new text in the text box and click on the Save button.

On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > SCREEN TEXT (6,1,8).
The Konftel 300IP can store information for two accounts, e.g. one PBX and one public service provider.

**Why use two accounts?**

It may be sensible to register a second account if the PBX or SIP server is located in another country than the phone. Otherwise, local calls using the PSTN (telephone network), connected through the ordinary PBX or SIP server, would be connected as international calls.
### Account 1 and Account 2

**Enable account**  
It is possible to store account information for future use, but temporarily disable it.

**Account name**  
This is the name displayed on the screen. It can be set according to company standards.

**User**  
The account (customer) name.

**Registrar**  
Shall contain the IP address or the public name of the SIP server where the account is registered (e.g. 10.10.1.100 for a local SIP server or sip.company.net for a public VoIP service provider).

**Proxy**  
Shall contain the proxy server used for Internet communication, if any. Can be left blank.

**Realm**  
The protection domain where the SIP authentication (name and password) is valid. This is usually the same as the registrar. If left blank, or marked with a “*”, the phone will respond to any realm. If specified, the phone will only respond to the specific realm when asked for credentials.

**Authentication name**  
The name used for the Realm authentication. This may be the same as the user name, but must be filled in.

**Password**  
The password used for the Realm authentication.

**Registration Interval**  
This is a request to the SIP server for when the registration should expire. Konftel 300IP automatically renews the registration within the time interval if the phone is still on and connected to the server. The default value is 1800 seconds.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > ACCOUNTS (6,2,1).**

### Nat traversal

NAT (*Network Address Translation*) is a firewall or router function that operates by rewriting the IP addresses in the IP headers as packets pass from one interface to the other. When a packet, for example, is sent from the inside, the source IP address and port are rewritten from the private IP address space into the address space on the outside (Internet).

NAT rewrites the addresses but leaves the packets themselves untouched. This kind of translation works fine for many protocols, but causes a lot of trouble for SIP packets that contain address information in their content (for example an INVITE request from one IP address to another).

NAT traversal solves this problem, providing a “view from the outside” that makes it possible to replace the IP address in the SIP requests with the address shown on the other side of the firewall.
Note that in some cases NAT traversal is not necessary. Some public service providers of IP telephony keep track of the actual IP address used to register a phone, and the one used in the SIP requests from the same phone, and then replaces the addresses in the SIP messages.

**STUN**

STUN (*Simple Traversal of UDP through NATs*) is a protocol that assists devices behind a NAT firewall or router with their packet routing. STUN is commonly used in real-time voice, video, messaging, and other interactive IP communication applications.

The protocol allows applications operating through a NAT to discover the presence and specific type of NAT and obtain the mapped (public) IP address (NAT address) and port number that the NAT has allocated for the application's *User Datagram Protocol* (UDP) connections to remote hosts. The protocol requires assistance from a 3rd-party network server (STUN server).

STUN should be activated if an external SIP server cannot connect to the Konftel 300IP behind a firewall NAT function and the SIP server supports STUN. A suitable STUN server is usually provided by the VoIP service provider.

Note: STUN might also be referred to as *Session Traversal Utilities for NAT*.

**STUN host**
The IP address or public name of the STUN server.

**Offer ICE**

ICE (*Interactive Connectivity Establishment*), is a STUN addition that provides various techniques to allow SIP-based VoIP devices to successfully traverse the variety of firewalls that may exist between the devices. The protocol provides a mechanism for both endpoints to identify the most optimal path for the media traffic to follow.

**TURN**

TURN (*Traversal Using Relay NAT*) TURN is an extension of the STUN protocol that enables NAT traversal when both endpoints are behind symmetric NAT. With TURN, media traffic for the session will have to go to a relay server. Since relaying is expensive, in terms of bandwidth that must be provided by the provider, and additional delay for the media traffic, TURN is normally used as a last resort when endpoints cannot communicate directly.

**TURN User**
User authentication name on the TURN server.

**TURN host**
The IP address or public name of the TURN server.

**Password**
User authentication password on the TURN server.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > NAT TRAVERSAL (6,2,3).**
Advanced

Enable SIP Replaces Default is Yes. Setting this option to No, will instruct the PBX not to use the SIP replace header. Some PBXes try to take over the bridging functionality from Konftel 300IP using this command, which causes the calls to interrupt.

Enable Blind Transfer Default is Yes. Setting this option to No, will disable the transfer function (MENU > TRANSFER) during a call. This may be used if the PBX does not support blind transfer.

Transport

The transport setting only concerns the protocol to be used for SIP messages between the devices involved. These settings do not include the media (the actual call). The settings on the Media tab should be set accordingly.

Note that if you choose to use a secure connection, both units must support it. Otherwise they cannot negotiate a connection. If an incoming call demands a secure TLS or SIPS connection, the Konftel 300IP uses the appropriate protocol even if you have set the phone to use UDP.

Protocol

UDP (User Datagram Protocol) is a protocol on the transport layer in the Internet Protocol Suite. It is a stateless protocol for short messages – datagrams. Stateless implies that it does not establish any connection between sender and receiver in advance. UDP does not guarantee reliability or ordering in the way that TCP does. Datagrams may arrive out of order or go missing without notice. The advantages it offers are speed and efficiency.

UDP is the default protocol for SIP.

TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) is a protocol on the transport layer in the Internet Protocol Suite. TCP is the standard protocol for Internet communication. TCP keeps track of all individual packets of data, ensuring that they reach the receiver and are put together properly. TCP is not the default protocol for SIP, because it is slower and uses more bandwidth than UDP.

With UDP and TCP, SIP packets travel in plain text. TLS (Transport Layer Security) is a cryptographic protocol that provides security and data integrity for communications over TCP/IP networks. TLS encrypts the datagrams of the transport layer protocol in use. The secure connection may be to the end device or to the first server (usually the SIP server where the phone is registered). There is no guarantee that there is a secure channel to the end point, but because the SIP server is the only
part receiving the user authentication, this is still a rather secure solution.

**SIPS** (Secure SIP) is a security measure that uses TLS to provide an encrypted end-to-end channel for the SIP messages. To use SIPS, however, both VoIP devices and the SIP server must support it.

Even if Transport is set to TLS or SIPS, the Konftel 300IP still accepts incoming UDP or TCP signalling.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > ACCOUNTS > TRANSPORT** (6,2,1,3).

**TLS Settings**

If you select TLS or SIPS under the transport setting, this additional setting appears on the page.

It may be possible to use secure communication without a certificate and make changes to these settings. In some cases, if you choose TLS or SIPS, the SIP server requires a certificate for user/client verification. This should be specified in the account information.

You can further increase security by requiring verification of the server, or the client when the Konftel 300IP acts as a server for incoming calls.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enable Blind Transfer</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transport</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protocol</td>
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<td>UDP</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIPS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Please check corresponding media signalling setting</td>
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</table>

**TLS settings**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Default (SSLv23)</th>
<th>Verify server</th>
<th>On</th>
<th>Off</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Negotiation timeout</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Verify client</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Require client certificate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Certificate**

**Root certificate**

**Private key**

**Private key password**

**TLS includes a variety of security measures. The methods are defined in the versions of the standard (SSL, SSL v2, SSL v3, TLS v1, TLS v2). The default method is SSLv23, which accepts both SSL v2 and v3.**

**Negotiation timeout**

The TLS settings are negotiated during a call setup (both incoming and outgoing). If this negotiation does not succeed within the specified time (seconds) the negotiation is aborted. Timeout is disabled with 0 (zero).
Verify client  When set to On, the Konftel 300IP will activate peer verification for incoming secure SIP connections (TLS or SIPS).

Require client certificate  When set to On, the Konftel 300IP rejects incoming secure SIP connections (TLS or SIPS) if the client does not have a valid certificate.

Verify server  When the Konftel 300IP is acting as a client (outgoing connections) using secure SIP (TLS or SIPS) it will always receive a certificate from the peer. If Verify server is set to On, the Konftel 300IP closes the connection if the server certificate is not valid.

Certificate  Here you can upload a certificate to the Konftel 300IP to be used for TLS or SIPS communication.

A certificate is a file that combines a public key with information about the owner of the public key, all signed by a trusted third party. If you trust the third party, then you can be sure that the public key belongs to the person/organization named in that file. You can also be sure that everything you decrypt with that public key is encrypted by the person/organization named in the certificate.

Root certificate  The public key in the root certificate is used to verify other certificates. A root certificate is only needed if you have selected client or server verification.

A root certificate is signed by the same public key that is in the certificate, a so-called “self-signed” certificate. A typical root certificate is one received from a Certificate Authority.

Private key  Here you can upload a private key to the Konftel 300IP to be used for TLS or SIPS communication.

A private key is one of the keys in a key-pair used in asymmetric cryptography. Messages encrypted using the public key can only be decrypted using the private key.

Private key password  The password used for encryption of the private key, if it is encrypted.
 NETWORK

⇒ Select Settings > Network.

DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol is used by network devices (clients) to obtain the parameters necessary for operation in the IP network. This protocol reduces system administration workload, allowing devices to be added to the network with little or no manual configuration.

DHCP should be set to On if no other information is given. When set to On, all information on this page will be set automatically.
IP address: IP address of the device (Konftel 300IP). The address is provided by the network administrator or service provider if DHCP is not in use.

Hostname: Set to kt300ip as default. Can be changed to suitable name.

Netmask: Usually set to 255.255.255.0 to limit network traffic to the subnet.

Domain: The domain where the device is located. May be left blank.

Gateway: The device or server used for Internet communication.

Primary DNS: The address to the primary DNS (Domain Name System) server - a program or computer that maps a human-recognisable name to its computer-recognisable identifier (IP address).

Secondary DNS: The address of an optional secondary DNS server.

Quality of Service

Quality of service is used in IP networks to provide different priority to different applications, users, or to guarantee a certain level of performance to a critical data flow such as voice or video. Differentiated Services or DiffServ is a networking architecture that specifies a simple mechanism for classifying network traffic using a 6-bit field in the header of the IP packets. VLAN (Virtual LAN) is a technology to logically divide a physical network into several logical nets and thus to differentiate traffic.

SIP DiffServ: Enter a value between 0 and 63 to prioritize the SIP messages.

Media DiffServ: Enter a value between 0 and 63 to prioritize the media packets (voice).

VLAN: By enabling this option, all communication to and from Konftel 300IP is done via the VLAN specified under VLAN ID. Note that this VLAN also must be used to communicate with Konftel 300IP via the web interface.

VLAN ID: The ID number to be used for the IP telephony VLAN.

VLAN map enable: Enabling VLAN priority mapping from the DiffServ setting.

VLAN prio SIP: Set a value between 0 and 7 to prioritize the SIP messages in the VLAN.

VLAN prio media: Set a value between 0 and 7 to prioritize the media packets in the VLAN.

On phone: **MENU** > **SETTINGS** > **ADVANCED** > (PIN) > **NETWORK** (6,2,2).
IEEE 802.1X is an IEEE Standard for port-based Network Access Control and is part of the IEEE 802.1 group of networking protocols. It provides an authentication mechanism to devices wishing to attach to a LAN or WLAN.

Enable 802.1x By enabling this option, Konftel 300IP asks an authentication server for permission when connected to the LAN.

EAP method Select which EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol) method to use: MD5 or TLS.

Username The device identity in the network.

MD5 password Password for the device identity when using MD5.

Certificate Here you can upload a certificate to the Konftel 300IP to be used for authentication when using TLS.

Root certificate The public key in the root certificate is used to verify other certificates when using TLS.

Private key Here you can upload a private key to the Konftel 300IP to be used for authentication when using TLS.

TLS password The password used for encryption of the private key when using TLS.

On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > NETWORK > ETHERNET > 802.1X AUTH (6,2,2,2,2).
The media settings determine how audio is sent between the devices. The devices negotiate via SIP before a call is connected. All devices must support the same media types, codecs and security settings.

**Codec**

Codecs are used to convert an analogue voice signal to a digitally encoded version and vice versa. Codecs vary in the sound quality they deliver and the bandwidth required. The Konftel 300IP supports the most common codecs and each codec can be given a precedence depending on your requirements for high quality audio or low bandwidth use.

The priority can be set to from 4 (high) to 1 (low) or 0 (disabled)

**G722**  
G.722 is an *ITU-T* standard codec that provides 7 kHz wideband audio at a data rate within 64 kbit/s. It offers greatly improved speech quality compared with older narrowband codecs such as G.711, but requires a high quality network connection between the devices.
G711 Alaw  
G.711 is an ITU-T standard codec that uses audio companding. Companding algorithms reduce the dynamic range of an audio signal. In analogue systems, this can increase the signal-to-noise ratio achieved during transmission and, in the digital domain, can reduce the quantization error.

Two main compression algorithms are defined in the standard, the µ-law algorithm (used in North America and Japan) and A-law algorithm (used in Europe and the rest of the world).

G711 Ulaw  
See G711 µ-law above.

G729  
G.729 is an ITU-T standard codec that operates at 8 kbit/s. It is mostly used in VoIP applications with low bandwidth requirements.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > MEDIA > CODEC** (6,2,4,1).

**Security**

The media in VoIP calls is usually sent using the RTP protocol (*Real-time Transport Protocol*). RTP is a standardized packet format for delivering audio and video over the Internet.

SRTP (*Secure Real-time Transport Protocol*) is an extension of RTP to provide encryption, message authentication and integrity for the audio and video streams.

All devices must support SRTP to establish a connection. It is therefore possible to set SRTP as disabled, optional or mandatory.

**SRTP**

If set to disabled, the media is sent using RTP. Note that despite this setting, the Konftel 300IP will still use a secure channel if the opposite device demands it.

If set to optional or mandatory, a padlock will be shown in the bottom right-hand corner of the screen. If the other devices support SRTP, the padlock will be locked. Otherwise, an open padlock will be displayed.

If set to mandatory, the call will not be connected if the other devices do not support SRTP.

**Secure signalling**

The SIP messages (signalling) and the SRTP cipher key are sent on a different channel than the media and are not affected by the RTP/SRTP setting. To ensure a secure connection, the signalling must be secured using **TLS** or **SIPS**, see page 20. Note that the SIP transport setting must be set accordingly.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > MEDIA > SECURITY** (6,2,4,4).
VAD

Voice Activity Detection (speech detection) is a technique used in speech processing to detect the presence or absence of human speech in regions of audio. In VoIP applications, VAD is mainly used to avoid unnecessary coding and transmission of silence packets, saving on computation and network bandwidth.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > MEDIA > VAD (6,2,4,2).**

DTMF

DTMF (Dual-tone multi-frequency) signalling is used for telephone signalling over the line to the phone switch or PBX.

If the device itself generates the tones and they are sent in the voice-frequency band, the method is called Inband. This is not the best method when using VoIP. Low bit rate codecs may corrupt the signalling tones and make it difficult for the switch to identify them.

RFC 2833 is a method of carrying DTMF signals in RTP packets using a separate RTP payload format. With this method a PSTN gateway reproduces the DTMF tones sent from the end device.

With **SIP Info** the DTMF signals are sent as SIP requests. The SIP switch creates the tones if the call is transferred to the PSTN.

Use RFC 2833 or SIP Info as preferred methods. Switch to inband only if you encounter problems using DTMF signalling with your PBX/SIP switch.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > MEDIA > DTMF SIGNALLING (6,2,4,3).**

Advanced

First RTP port

If the RTP packets must be directed to a specific port series, the first port number is set here.
LDAP

⇒ Select Settings > LDAP.

Konftel 300IP has support for an external phone book, which means it can communicate with a directory server using LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol). The built in search function dynamically filters the content from the LDAP database, based on the search characters the user enters.

To make the LDAP phone book available, the administrator has to activate and configure the LDAP feature.

Enable LDAP: The LDAP feature is disabled by default because it has to be configured.

Name filter: Defines how the entered search characters are used. The filter is designed conforming to the string representation of LDAP search filters described in RFC2254. The character % in the filter string will be replaced with the search character entered by the user.

Example: 
((|(sn=%*)(cn=%*))) - All entries with the search characters in the beginning of the sn OR cn attribute are presented to the user.

Server URL: The IP address of the LDAP server host. Supports ldap and ldaps.

Search base: The DN (distinguished name) of the search base
Example: 
dc=domain, dc=com.
### Username
Leave this field blank if the LDAP server does not require a username.

### Password
Leave this field blank if the LDAP server does not require username and password.

### Max hits
The maximum number of hits to return for each LDAP search.

### Display name
Specifies how the search hits shall be presented on the display in Konftel 300IP.

*Example:*
- `%cn` - shows the `cn` attribute.
- `%givenName %sn` - shows the `givenName` attribute and the `sn` attribute with a space in between.

### Sort results
Sorts the search hits based on the Display name.

### Number attributes
Here you define the attributes that shall be displayed for a selected search hit.

*Example:*
- `mobile telephoneNumber` - shows the mobile phone number and office phone number on separate rows for the selected Display name.

### Country code
By entering the country code where the phone is located, the country code in any phone number attribute is ignored, if it is identical.

### Area code
By entering the area code where the phone is located, the area code in any phone number attribute is ignored, if it is identical.

### External prefix
If a special prefix is needed to dial external numbers, it should be added here. Use this if you for example need to dial 0 to get a dialing tone.

#### Min length for external prefix
Restricts the external prefix to be added only if the phone number is longer than the min length. This makes it possible to use short internal numbers.

#### Exact length for no external prefix
The external prefix in not added if the phone number has exactly the entered length.

#### Number prefix for no external prefix
All numbers that starts with this number will not have the external prefix added. Useful if you know that all internal numbers start with a certain number.
The web server in the Konftel 300IP supports secure connections using HTTPS.

**Enable HTTPS**
- Set *Enable HTTPS* to On if you need a secure communication between the PC used for setup and the phone.

**Certificate**
- To use HTTPS you need to upload a certificate to the phone.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > WEB INTERFACE (6,2,7).**
SELECT SETTINGS > TIME & REGION.

**Time**

Enable NTP

NTP (Network Time Protocol) is a protocol for distributing the Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) by means of synchronizing the clocks of computer systems over packet-switched, variable-latency data networks.

Time

This field shows the actual time if NTP is enabled. Otherwise enter the correct time (hh:mm:ss) and save the setting.

Date

This field shows the actual date if NTP is enabled. Otherwise enter the correct date (yyyy-mm-dd) and save the setting.

Timezone

Select the UTC time zone in your country.

Daylight saving

Select the Yes radio button if DST (Daylight Saving Time or Summer Time) is currently used in your country. Note that this
setting only adjusts the time by one hour and does not change
the time automatically when the DST starts and ends.

NTP Server
The *NTP pool* is a dynamic collection of networked computers
that volunteer to provide highly accurate time via NTP to clients
worldwide. These computers are part of the pool.ntp.org domain
and part of several subdomains divided by geographical zones.
They are distributed to NTP clients via round robin DNS.

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > TIME** (6,2,5).

**Region**
Select the region where you are. This setting determines the signalling (disconnect tone,
baby tone, etc).

On phone: **MENU > SETTINGS > ADVANCED > (PIN) > REGION** (6,2,6).

**Daylight saving**
Enable DST
Select the Yes radio button if DST (*Daylight Saving Time* or
*Summer Time*) is used in your country.

DST Timezone
Select the offset from UTC time when daylight saving is in use.

DST Mode
When set to Automatic, OmniTouch 4135 IP uses dates stored
in the phone to adjust for DST. When set to Manual, you need to
manually set the offset two times a year.

Start/Stop fixed date
Set to Yes if DST changes the same date every year in your
country. Then select the time and date it changes.

Set to No if DST changes a specific week and day each eyar. (For
instance third sunday in March.) Then select the month, week
and time it changes.

**PROVISIONING**
See “PROVISIONING – UPGRADE AND CONFIGURATION” on page 40.
SYSTEM

⇒ Select Settings > System.

Application restart
The Restart button restarts the phone application. This takes less than 30 seconds.
On phone: MENU > SYSTEM > RESTART (7,1).

System reboot
The Reboot button reboots the conference phone. The starting procedure may take about two minutes.
On phone: MENU > SYSTEM > REBOOT (7,2).

Factory reset
The Reset button resets the Konftel 300IP to factory default settings. All personal settings, including account information, are erased.
On phone: MENU > SYSTEM > FACTORY RESET (7,3).

Hard reset to factory settings
See page 39 about resetting the phone if you have forgotten the Admin PIN code.
CONNECTING A WIRELESS HEADSET
⇒ Connect the headset to the Aux port on Konftel 300IP.
The microphones from the Konftel 300IP and the wireless headset will work simultaneously and transmit the call to other participants in the phone conference.
Please refer to the headset manual for further information.

Turning off the internal speakers when using a headset
The internal speakers can be turned off temporarily if you wish to use the Konftel 300IP as a personal telephone with a headset.
⇒ During a call, select MENU > HEADSET.
⇒ Select YES when asked “SPEAKER OFF?”.
ⓘ The speakers come on automatically when the call is ended.
CONNECTING A PA INTERFACE BOX

The Konftel 300IP can be connected to an external PA system using a PA interface box.

- Connect the PA-box to the AUX port on Konftel 300IP with the included cable.
- Connect the external amplifier to the RCA connector marked with a speaker.
- Connect the microphone mixer to the RCA connector marked with a microphone.

Changing the auxiliary port setting

- Select Settings > Basic.
- Select PA under the heading Auxiliary port to activate the functions for external microphones and speaker system.

Always disconnect the power supply from the electrical outlet before disconnecting or connecting equipment to the Konftel 300IP.

Do not select the PA option unless a PA system is connected. This option turns off the internal microphone and internal speakers as default.

On phone: MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > AUX PORT (6,1,6).
PA SETTINGS
To match several types of situations and equipment, there are some settings available in the Konftel 300IP menu.

Activating internal microphone and speakers
□ These settings are not available via the web interface.
⇒ Select MENU > SETTINGS > BASIC > PA (6,1,7).
⇒ Select INTERNAL MIC and press OK to switch between on (shaded box) and off.
□ To ensure maximum audio quality, do not use the internal microphone and external microphones connected via the PA box at the same time.
□ Only the internal microphone is turned off. Any external microphones connected to the Konftel 300IP are still turned on.
⇒ Select INTERNAL SPKR and press OK to switch between on (shaded box) and off.
□ To ensure maximum audio quality, do not use the internal speakers and external speakers connected via the PA box at the same time.

Adjusting microphone volume from PA
⇒ During a call, select MENU > PA > PA MONITOR.
⇒ Adjust the microphone volume from the mixer so that the level on the display screen is around 10–12 when speaking in a normal tone.

Adjusting PA calibration manually
It is possible to calibrate the duplex performance of the conference phone when it is connected to a PA system. The calibration level can be set automatically by the Konftel 300IP or adjusted manually to any value between 0 and 5 (0 being full duplex).
• Increase the calibration if the other party experiences disturbing echo.
• Decrease the calibration if the other party experiences low duplex, i.e. your voice is muted or clipped when the other party is speaking.
The position of the PA system’s microphones and speakers and the amplifier’s settings may affect full duplex performance.

⇒ Select **MENU > PA > CALIBRATION**.

![PA Calibration](image)

AUTO is the default setting and is recommended in most cases. The figure shown in brackets is the measured calibration value.

⇒ Select different levels and compare the audio quality to achieve your preferred setting.

NB. You must ask the person you are calling to assess the effect of the adjustments you make.
Reset configuration

If you have forgotten the Admin PIN code, the only way to reset it to default is to do a hard factory reset. This is the same as the Factory reset in the system menu (MENU > SYSTEM > FACTORY RESET).

ℹ This erases all settings including account information and contacts!

⇒ Disconnect the power supply cable. Note that this is the same as the network cable if the phone uses Power over Ethernet.

⇒ Press and hold the MENU button while you connect the cable again (i.e. starts the Konftel 300IP). Hold the button pressed until the SYSTEM RECOVERY menu is shown on the display.

ℹ You can press any other button than 1, 2, or 3 to start the phone without resetting.

⇒ Press 1 to select Reset configuration and confirm with OK.

⇒ Upgrade to the latest version of the software when the phone has started and redo the setup of account and other settings (see page 7).

Restore firmware

This replaces the current software with the one supplied with the phone. All settings are erased.

⇒ Disconnect the power supply cable. Note that this is the same as the network cable if the phone uses Power over Ethernet.

⇒ Press and hold the MENU button while you connect the cable again (i.e. starts the Konftel 300IP). Hold the button pressed until the SYSTEM RECOVERY menu is shown on the display.

⚠ You can press any other button than 1, 2, or 3 to start the phone without restoring the firmware.

⇒ Press 3 to select Restore firmware and confirm with OK.

All content in the phone’s memory is erased and the firmware supplied with the phone is written to the memory.

⇒ Upgrade to the latest version of the software when the phone has started and redo the setup of account and other settings (see page 7).
FIRMWARE UPGRADE ON A SINGLE PHONE

The easiest way to upgrade the Konftel 300IP is via a computer connected to the same network. Via the web interface, you can check for a more recent version and then automatically install it.

It is also possible to download the latest version, via the Konftel website (www.konftel.com/300ip), and then install the file via the web interface or using a SD card.

Using the web interface

⇒ Select Settings > Provisioning.

⇒ Click on the Check Now button.

⇒ Compare the latest software version with the current version (shown on the same page).

⇒ If you choose to upgrade, select version in the list box and click on the Upgrade button.

The browser window and the Konftel 300IP display shows that the upgrading has begun.
The download and installation can take several minutes. Do not interrupt the upgrade and do not disconnect plugs to the Konftel 300IP during the upgrade. Interrupting the upgrade may render the conference phone inoperable.

When installation is complete, the text “Upgrade Complete. The unit will be rebooted.” is shown in your browser, and after a while you hear the Konftel music signature, which indicates that the conference phone has started.

**Upgrading from downloaded file**

It is possible to download a firmware file from www.konftel.com/300ip and install it on the Konftel 300IP from the local hard disk.

⇒ Download the firmware file from **www.konftel.com/300ip**.

⇒ Click on the **Browse…** button and locate and select the downloaded file.

⇒ Click on the **Upgrade** button.

**Upgrading from SD card**

Upgrading from SD card may be suitable if you have many phones to upgrade. The phones do not have to be connected to the network.

⇒ Download the latest firmware as above and save it on a SD card.

⇒ Put the SD card in the phone you want to upgrade.

⇒ Disconnect the power supply cable. Note that this is the same as the network cable if the phone uses Power over Ethernet.

⇒ Press and hold the **MENU** button while you connect the cable again (i.e. starts the Konftel 300IP). Hold the button pressed until the SYSTEM RECOVERY menu is shown on the display.

⇒ You can press any other button than **1**, **2**, or **3** to start the phone without any change.

⇒ Press **2** to select **SD-card upgrade**.

*The Konftel 300IP is upgraded with the firmware file on the SD card and starts when the upgrade is done.*

**After upgrading**

If DHCP is used in the network, the IP address may have been changed. If the web browser loses contact with Konftel 300IP, check the IP address on the conference phone (see “USING THE WEB INTERFACE” on page 6).
USING A CONFIGURATION FILE

It is possible to save a configuration xml file to be used as:

- Backup (i.e. if the system has been reset to factory default)
- Configuration interface (there are some settings that are not configurable via the web interface)
- Management tool (export, edit and import settings to a set of phones instead of doing the settings on each phone)
- Use with a Device Management server, see page 48.

The structure of the xml file is as follows:

```xml
<locale>
  <region>
  </region>
</locale>

<recording>
  <enable>
</recording>

<logging>
  <level>
    The phone application logs messages to log facility LOCAL0.
    Log level 1–5 (equivalent to Fatal–Trace)
  </level>
  <log_sip>
    Log SIP messages to log facility LOCAL1. Default is true.
  </log_sip>
  <remote_log>
    Log messages to a remote log server. Default is false.
  </remote_log>
  <remote_host />  Remote log server.
</logging>

<network>
  <net>
    <dhcp>
      Specify if DHCP should be used to obtain network settings. If so, the other network settings won’t be used.
    </dhcp>
    <ip>
      Specify the IP address of the KT300IP.
    </ip>
    <netmask>
      The netmask of the IP address.
    </netmask>
    <gateway>
      Specify the default gateway to be used.
    </gateway>
    <dns>
      Specify at most two Domain Name Servers to be used.
    </dns>
    <hostname>
      Specify host name.
    </hostname>
    <domain />  Specify domain name.
    <vlan>
      <enable> Virtual LAN enabled if set to true
      <id>  VLAN ID.
    </vlan>
  </net>
</network>
```
<enable>
<username />
<eap_md5>
  <enable>
  <password>
<eap_tls>
  <enable>
  <password>

<qos>
  <dscp_sip>
  <dscp_media>
<time>
  <ntp>
  <timezone>
  <daylight_save>
  <ntps>

<sip>
  <udp_transport> Specify if UDP shall be used as transport.
  <udp_port> Specify the UDP port to listen to.
  <tcp_transport> Specify if TCP shall be used as transport.
  <tcp_port> Specify the TCP port to listen to.
  <tls_transport> Specify if TLS shall be used as transport.
  <sips_transport> Specify if SIPS shall be used as transport.
  <tls_port> Specify the TLS port to listen to.
  <rtp_port> Specify the start port for RTP traffic.
  <outbound_proxy /> Specify the URL of outbound proxies to visit for all outgoing requests. The outbound proxies will be used for all accounts and will be used to build the route set for outgoing requests. The final route set for outgoing requests will consist of the outbound proxies and the proxy configured in the account.

<use_stun> Use Simple Traversal of UDP through NATs (STUN) for NAT traversal. Default is no.
<stun_domain /> Specify domain name to be resolved with DNS SRV resolution to get the address of the STUN servers. Alternatively application may specify stun_host and stun_relay_host instead.
<stun_host /> Specify STUN server to be used in "HOST[:PORT]" format. If port is not specified, default port 3478 will be used.

<use_turn> Use Traversal Using Relay NAT (TURN) for NAT traversal. Default is no.
<turn_host /> Specify TURN relay server to be used.
<turn_tcp> Use TCP connection to TURN server. Default is false.
<turn_user /> TURN username.
<turn_passwd /> TURN password.
<nat_type_in_sdp> Support for adding and parsing NAT type in the SDP to assist troubleshooting. The valid values are:
0: no information will be added in SDP and parsing is disabled
1: only the NAT type number is added
2: add both NAT type number and name

<require_100rel> Specify whether support for reliable provisional response (100rel and PRACK) should be required by default. Note that this setting can be further customized in account configuration.

<use_srtp> Specify default value of secure media transport usage. Note that this setting can be further customized in account configuration.
0: SRTP will be disabled, and the transport will reject RTP/SAVP offer.
1: SRTP will be advertised as optional and incoming SRTP offer will be accepted.
2: The transport will require that RTP/SAVP media shall be used.

<srtp_secure_signaling> Specify whether SRTP requires secure signalling. This option is only used when use_srtp option above is non-zero. Note that this setting can be further customized in account configuration.
0: SRTP does not require secure signalling
1: SRTP requires secure transport such as TLS
2: SRTP requires secure end-to-end transport (SIPS)

<codec>
  <type> Codec type
  <name> Codec name
  <prio> Codec priority (0-4)
  <dtmf> DTMF signalling. Default is 2.
0: In-band
1: SIP message
2: RTP message
  <no_vad> Disable VAD. Default is VAD enabled.
  <ec_tail> Echo canceller tail length, in milliseconds.
  <enable_ice> Enable ICE?
  <enable_relay> Enable ICE relay?
  <enable_presence> Enable the use of presence signalling.

<tls>
  <tls_password /> Password for the private key
  <tls_method> TLS protocol method from pjsip_ssl_method, which can be:
0: Default (SSLv23)
1: TLSv1
2: SSLv2
3: SSLv3
23: SSLv23
  <tls_verify_server> Verify server certificate.
  <tls_verify_client> Verify client certificate.
  <tls_require_client_cert> Require client certificate.
  <tls_neg_timeout> TLS negotiation timeout in seconds to be applied for both outgoing and incoming connections. If zero, no timeout is used.
<account>

<valid> If this account information is valid or not.
<name> User defined name of the account
<id> The full SIP URL for the account.
<registrar> This is the URL to be put in the request URI for the registration.
<publish_enabled> If this flag is set, the presence information of this account will be published to the server where the account belongs.
<initial_auth> If this flag is set, the authentication client framework will send an empty Authorization header in each initial request.
<initial_algo /> Specify the algorithm to use when empty Authorization header is to be sent for each initial request (see above).
<pidf_tuple_id /> Optional PIDF tuple ID for outgoing PUBLISH and NOTIFY. If this value is not specified, a random string will be used.
<force_contact /> Optional URI to be put as Contact for this account. It is recommended that this field is left empty, so that the value will be calculated automatically based on the transport address.
<require_100rel> Specify whether support for reliable provisional response (100rel and PRACK) should be required for all sessions of this account.
<proxy_uri /> Optional URI of the proxies to be visited for all outgoing requests that are using this account (REGISTER, INVITE, etc).
<reg_timeout> Optional interval for registration, in seconds. If the value is zero, default interval will be used.
<cred> Array of credentials. Normally, if registration is required, at least one credential should be specified to successfully authenticate the service provider. More credentials can be specified, for example when it is expected that requests will be challenged by the proxies in the route set.

<realm> Realm. Use "*" to make a credential that can be used to authenticate any challenges.
<scheme /> Scheme (e.g. "digest").
<username> Authentication name
<cred_data_type> Type of data (0 for plaintext password).
<cred_data> The data, which can be a plaintext password or a hashed digest.
:auto_update_nat> This option is useful for keeping the UDP transport address up to date with the NAT public mapped address. When this option is enabled and STUN is configured, the library will keep track of the public IP address from the response of REGISTER request. Once it detects that the address has changed, it will unregister current Contact, update the UDP transport address and register a new Contact to the registrar.

<ka_interval> Set the interval for periodic keep-alive transmission for this account. If this value is zero, keep-alive will be disabled for this account. The keep-alive transmission will be sent to the registrar's address after successful registration.
<ka_data /> Specify the data to be transmitted as keep-alive packets. Default: CR-LF.
<use_srtp> Specify whether secure media transport should be used for this account. 0: SRTP will be disabled and the transport will reject RTP/SAVP offer. 1: SRTP will be advertised as optional and incoming SRTP offer will be
accepted.
2: The transport will require that RTP/SAVP media is used.

<srtp_secure_signaling> Specify whether SRTP requires secure signalling. This option is only used when use_srtp option above is non-zero.
0: SRTP does not require secure signalling
1: SRTP requires secure transport such as TLS
2: SRTP requires secure end-to-end transport (SIPS)

<account>
Same as above for account 2

<provisioning>
<upgrade>
<url> Place to find software upgrades. The supported URL types are: HTTP, FTP, and TFTP.
<dev_mgnt>
<enable> Device management enabled, true or false.
<use_dhcp_option> Use DHCP option for DM server address.
<dhcp_option> Specification of which DHCP option to use.
<file_server_address> DM server address if not provided by DHCP option.
<pagename /> Base name of configuration files to download
<type /> Configuration file type specification
<update_interval> Timing for downloading files. Shall be entered in crontab format: * * * * * where the * stands for minute (0–59), hour (0–23), day of month (1–30), month (1–12), day of week (0–7) (Sunday =0 or 7).
Example: 0 6 * * * = the files are downloaded daily at 6:00.
<https_check_srv_cert> Controls server certificate, true or false.
<https_protocol> Possibility to set https protocol if open-ssl auto detection fails.

<www>
<enable_https> Secure communication to the 300IP web server. Default is false.

<pa>
<enable_pa> PA enabled, true or false
<enable_internal Mic> Internal mic enabled when PA set to true.
<enable_internal_spkr> Internal speakers enabled when PA set to true.
<calibration> Calibration value. Note that 0 is auto, 1 is calibration value 1, 2 is calibration value 1, etc.

<ldap>
<enable> LDAP enabled, true or false.
<name_filter> Name filter according to RFC2254
<server_url> LDAP server address
<search_base> The DN (distinguished name) of the search base
<username />  
<password />  
<max_hits>  
<country_code>  
<area_code>  
<external_prefix />  
<min_length_for_ext_prefix />  
<exact_length_for_no_ext_prefix />  
<number_prefix_for_no_ext_prefix />  
<number_attributes>  
<display_name>  
<sort_results>

### Export configuration

- Select **Settings > Provisioning**.
- Click on the **Export** button under **Configuration**.
  
  *The configuration file is shown in the web browser.*
- Choose to save the page as an xml file.
  
  *The xml file is as default saved in your folder for downloaded files.*
- If necessary, edit the xml file in a suitable editor.

### Import configuration

- Click on the **Browse...** button under **Configuration**.
- Select the xml file and choose to open it.
- Click on the **Import** button.
USING A DEVICE MANAGEMENT SERVER

Using Device management facilitates the upgrading and configuration of multiple conference phones. To use this feature, the Device management needs to be enabled (default) and configured and the appropriate files must be located on a server reachable from all phones, here called a device management server.

The configuration and firmware download are controlled with a configurable frequency. The default value is once every 30 minutes. (Note: The interval can only be edited directly in the configuration file.)

Configuration priorities

Because the same configuration parameters can be entered in multiple locations, there is a need for priorities. The local configuration files have the highest priority followed by the global configuration file. Configuration entered on the unit itself, via the web interface or directly on the phone, is overridden the next time the configuration files are downloaded.

① Note one exception. Phone language entered on the unit will take precedence.

Files on the device management server

Global configuration file

The global configuration file contains the basic configuration – all settings that are common for all conference phones on your location. The easiest way to create this file is simply to configure one phone and export the configuration file or use the built in configuration file creator.

The default name for this file is kt300ip.xml, but it is possible to create a custom name by using the pagename element in the configuration file. It is also possible to refer to a cgi, php, asp, js or jsp file, instead of the xml file, if this is declared using the type element in the configuration file.

Konftel 300IP searches for configuration files in the following order:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type parameter value</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1  &lt;nothing&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2  cgi</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;.cgi?phone_model=kt300ip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3  %“%</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;.php?phone_model=kt300ip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4  asp</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;.asp?phone_model=kt300ip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5  E</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;.js?phone_model=kt300ip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6  E %</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;.jsp?phone_model=kt300ip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>① &lt;any name&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;,&lt;any name&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>② auto</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 will be tried in that order</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Local configuration file

The local configuration file contains configuration parameters that are unique for every conference phone. The settings in this file takes precedence over the settings in the global configuration file.

The default name for this file is kt300ip-<MAC>.xml, where <MAC> is the MAC address of the specific conference phone. The MAC address should be written without colons.

It is possible to create a custom name by using the pagename element in the configuration file. It is also possible to refer to a cgi, php, asp, js or jsp file, instead of the xml file, if this is declared using the type element in the configuration file.

Konftel 300IP searches for configuration files in the following order:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type parameter value</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 &lt;nothing&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;-&lt;MAC&gt;.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 cgi</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;-cgi?_phone_model=kt300ip&amp;eth=&lt;MAC&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 %%</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;-php?_phone_model=kt300ip&amp;eth=&lt;MAC&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 asp</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;-asp?_phone_model=kt300ip&amp;eth=&lt;MAC&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 E</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;-js?_phone_model=kt300ip&amp;eth=&lt;MAC&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 E %</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;-jsp?_phone_model=kt300ip&amp;eth=&lt;MAC&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>: &lt;any name&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;pagename&gt;-&lt;any name&gt;?_phone_model=kt300ip&amp;eth=&lt;MAC&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>= auto</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 will be tried in that order</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Firmware binary

Contains the firmware binary that will be downloaded and installed by Konftel 300IP if the metadata file shows that this is a newer version than the present installed. The binary file can be downloaded from www.konftel.com/upgrades.

Firmware metadata file

A metadata file in xml format with information of the firmware version in the binary file. The file is used to check if the binary file should be downloaded to the phone or not.

The name of this file shall be kt300ip_fw_version.xml. The file shall contain the following elements in xml format.

```xml
<firmware_version>
  <version>X.X.X</version> Eg. 2.0.3
  <filename>xxxx</filename> Eg. KT300IP_v2.0.3.kt
  <checksum>XXXX</checksum> MD5 checksum of the firmware binary
</firmware_version>
```
Device management configuration in Konftel 300IP

☞ Select Settings > Provisioning.

**Device management**

- **Enable**
  - On enables Device management.

- **Use DHCP option**
  - Set to on if you want to use DHCP option for DM server address.

- **DHCP option**
  - Select the DHCP option used for the DM server address.
  - Options: 43: Vendor specific, 56: DHCP message, 60: Class Id, 61: Client Id, 66: Server-name, 67: Bootfile-name

- **File server address**
  - DM server address if not provided by DHCP option.

- **HTTPS protocol**
  - Default is auto, but can be set to SSLv2 or SSLv3 if open-ssl auto detection fails.
Check server cert.  Enable authentication with certificate.
Certificate  Here you can upload a certificate to the Konftel 300IP to be used for authentication when using Device management.
Root certificate  The public key in the root certificate is used to verify other certificates when using Device management.
Private key  Here you can upload a private key to the Konftel 300IP to be used for authentication when using Device management.

ℹ️ Read more about certificates on page 22.

Setting up a Device management server
This is a description of a manual method to create the configuration files.

➔ Select Settings > Provisioning.
➔ Enable Device management and enter the server information.

Creating a global configuration file
➔ Configure one phone with the basic configuration.
➔ Click on Export to create a configuration file.
➔ If necessary, edit the xml file in a suitable editor.

ℹ️ Some parameters can’t be entered via the web interface (update frequency, pagename, and filetype).
ℹ️ To avoid confusion, it may be wise to delete the local information from the file (eg. account information).
➔ Save the file with the name kt300ip.xml on the File server address specified above.

Creating local configuration files
➔ Save a copy of the configuration file for each conference phone on your location with content only in the elements that shall be unique for each conference phone (eg. account information).

The default name for each file is kt300ip-<MAC>.xml, where <MAC> is the MAC address of the specific conference phone.
➔ Place the configuration files on the File server address specified above.

Firmware binary
➔ Place the firmware binary file on the Provisioning server.
➔ Create a Firmware metadata file according to page 49 and place it on the File server address specified above.

ℹ️ Depending on the server used, and the security settings, there might be necessary to add the file type .kt to the MIME settings on the server. This is easily checked by trying to download the kt file from a web browser.
IMPORTING AND EXPORTING CONTACTS

You can import contacts from a comma separated values (CSV) file. One way of creating a CSV file is using Microsoft Excel and saving the file in CSV format.

Enter the names of the contacts in the first column and their phone numbers or URIs in the second. Do not use hyphens or spaces in the number. Note that Excel ignores zeros at the beginning of numbers. The cells must therefore be formatted as text.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Name</td>
<td>Telephone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Allen, Jerry</td>
<td>+461517954884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Anderson, Justin</td>
<td>+461517954955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Andrews, Fanny</td>
<td>+46151754883</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Berg, David</td>
<td>+461517954893</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Berlin office</td>
<td>+466423687451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 Bewers, Darren</td>
<td>+461517954884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 Bjork, Markus</td>
<td>+461517954949</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 Branshaw, Uw</td>
<td>+461517954871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Carling, Richard</td>
<td>+461517954868</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 Carlson, Julia</td>
<td>+461517954994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 Claussen, Nicole</td>
<td>+46151754856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 Collins, David</td>
<td>+46238095581</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 Cordin, Justin</td>
<td>+46151754838</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 Crown, Juanito</td>
<td>+461517954896</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 Evaldser, Julie</td>
<td>+461517954881</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 Gardellius, Stefan</td>
<td>+461517954956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 Hellberg, Mark</td>
<td>+461517954894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19 Konrads, Ray</td>
<td>+461517954870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 Langdon, Steve</td>
<td>+461517954890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21 Leander, Adam</td>
<td>+461517954879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 Lowendahl, Roger</td>
<td>+461517954865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 Luong, Xi</td>
<td>+461317954878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 Magret, Robin</td>
<td>+46151754835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 Mowat, Leo</td>
<td>+461517954872</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26 Mowij, Al</td>
<td>+46131754866</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27 Nelson, Mike</td>
<td>+46151754880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 Nyberg, Paul</td>
<td>+46151754807</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is normally possible to export contact books stored in your PC in CSV format.

The way the number can be written may depend on the SIP PBX being used, but normally you can use:

- Complete phone number, including country code
- Phone number, including area code
- Local phone number only
- Internal speed dial number (with company's own PBX)
- URI, e.g. `sip:user@company.com`
- URI with IP address, e.g. `sip:10.10.1.100` (within a local network)
Importing contacts

⇒ Select Phone Book.
⇒ Click on the Scroll... button under the heading Import in the web window.
⇒ Open your CSV file.
⇒ Click on Import.

ℹ️ The name is limited to 15 characters, since the Konftel 300IP screen cannot display more than 15 characters.

Exporting contacts

You can export your contacts as a CSV document in order to import them into another phone.

⇒ Click on Export.
⇒ Save the document.
**IMPORTING AND EXPORTING CONFERENCE GROUPS**

The conference groups can be imported and exported in the same way as the contacts in the phone book, but use a three column csv instead of a two column csv.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Group</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>Carlsson, Julia</td>
<td>+461517954884</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>Berg, David</td>
<td>+461517954893</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>Berlin office</td>
<td>+461517954851</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>UK office</td>
<td>+441507953687</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Development</td>
<td>Bjork, Markus</td>
<td>+461517954940</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Development</td>
<td>Branshaw, Liw</td>
<td>+461517954871</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Development</td>
<td>Luong, Xi</td>
<td>+461517954878</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Development</td>
<td>Lowendahl, Roger</td>
<td>+461517954885</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The tabs under Status show the settings on corresponding tabs plus device info and logs.

**DEVICE**

⇒ Select Status > Device.

![Device Tab Example](image)

The Device tab shows phone information including serial number, network port and current software version.

On phone: **MENU > STATUS > DEVICE** (8,6).

**NETWORK**

⇒ Select Status > Network.

![Network Tab Example](image)

On phone: **MENU > STATUS > NETWORK** (8,2).
TIME & REGION

Select Status > Time & Region.

On phone: MENU > STATUS > TIME (8,5).

SIP

Select Status > SIP.
Account 1 and Account 2

On phone: **MENU > STATUS > ACCOUNTS** (8,1,1 and 8,1,2).

NAT traversal

On phone: **MENU > STATUS > NAT TRAVERSAL** (8,3).

Transport

On phone: **MENU > STATUS > ACCOUNTS > TRANSPORT** (8,1,3).

MEDIA

⇒ Select **Status > Media**.

On phone: **MENU > STATUS > MEDIA** (8,4).
The Log tab contains five types of log messages and can be useful for trouble shooting.
⇒ Select the log you want to review and click on the Change button.

The Refresh button adds all new messages sent since the present log was chosen.

Application log
This shows the phone application messages. The log can be filtered from “Fatal” (only the fatal error messages) to “Trace” (all messages).
The Clear log button erases all content in the log.

SIP Trace
The SIP Trace logs the communication between the phone and the SIP PBX.
The Clear log button erases all content in the log.
It is possible to disable the SIP trace log
⇒ Select SIP logging Off and click on the Set button.
System log
Shows the phone system messages.

Device management log
Logs the device management activities.

Upgrade log
Logs the upgrade procedure.
**TECHNICAL DATA**

**Size**
Diameter 240 mm, height 77 mm

**Weight**
1 kg

**Colour**
Liquorice black

**Display screen**
Illuminated graphics (LCD), 128x64

**Keypad**
Alphanumeric 0–9, *, on, off, mute, hold, volume up, volume down, 5 buttons for menu navigation, line mode, conference guide

**Anti-theft protection**
Kensington security slot

**Memory**
Support for SD memory cards up to 2 GB

**Connectivity**
- **Network connection**
  Modular 8P8C (RJ45), Ethernet 10/100 Base T
- **Power supply**
  AC adapter 100–240 V AC/13.5 V DC
  IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet.
- **Extra microphones**
  2 modular 4P4C
- **Auxiliary**
  Modular 4P4C for wireless headset

**Network and communication**
- **Network addressing**
  DHCP and static IP
- **NAT traversal**
  STUN, ICE and TURN
- **Connection protocol**
  SIP 2.0 (RFC 3261 and companion RFCs)
- **Transport**
  UDP, TCP, TLS and SIPS
- **Security**
  SRTP and TLS
- **Quality of Service**
  DiffServ, VLAN and 802.1x
- **Audio support**
  Codecs: G722, G711 A-law, G711 μ-law, G729ab
- **DTMF tone generation**
  RFC, SIP INFO, In-band
- **Time servers**
  NTP and SNTP
- **Daylight saving**
  Configurable for automatic adjustments.
- **Configuration**
  Via integrated web server

**Configuration and provisioning**
- **Configuration**
  Via integrated web server, HTTP or HTTPS
  Separate user and administrator login for secure configuration.
- **Device management**
  Support for device management for easy configuration and updating of multiple conference phones.
**Directory**
- Internal phone book: 1,000 entries per profile
  (4 password protected profiles)
- Export/import of directory
- Call list
- External directory: Support for LDAP

**Sound**
- Technology: OmniSound™® 2.0 Wideband
- Microphone: Omni-directional
- Reception area: Up to 30 metres², >10 people
- Speaker: Frequency band 200–7000 Hz,
- Volume: 90 dB SPL 0.5 m
- Equalizer: Three pitches: soft, neutral, bright

**Environment**
- Temperature: 5°–40°C
- Relative humidity: 20-80% condensation free
- Recommended acoustic conditions:
  - Reverberation period: 0.5 S Rt 60
  - Background noise: 45 dBA

**Approvals**
- Electrical safety: EN 60950-1:2006,
  ANSI/UL 60950-1-2002,
  CAN/CSA-C22.2, No. 60950-1-03
- EMC/Radio: EN 301 489-3 V1.4.1 (2002-08),
  EN 301 489-1 V1.6.1 (2005-09),
  FCC Part 15 subpart B class A,
  FCC Part 15 subpart C,
  EN 300220-1:2000,
  EN 300220-2:2000
- RoHS
If anything is wrong with your Konftel unit, please contact the place of purchase.

Guarantee
We give a two-year guarantee on our conference telephones.

Service
Service is offered after the expiration of the guarantee. Please contact your retailer and ask for a cost estimate.

Konftel support
If you have any questions about the guarantee and service, please contact your Konftel support centre

Europe:
+46(0)90-706 489 (Monday–Friday 8.00–17.00 GMT+1)
E-mail: rma@konftel.com

USA and Canada:
+1 866-606-4728 (Monday–Friday 08.00–17.00 GMT-8)
E-mail: konftel.usa@konftel.com
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Version 2.8, 17 August 2003

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